## November 2020 student-friendly mark scheme

Please note that this mark scheme is not the one used by examiners for making scripts. It is intended more as a guide to good practice, indicating where marks are given for correct answers. As such, it doesn't show follow-through marks (marks that are awarded despite errors being made) or special cases.

It should also be noted that for many questions, there may be alternative methods of finding correct solutions that are not shown here - they will be covered in the formal mark scheme.

## NOTES ON MARKING PRINCIPLES

Guidance on the use of codes within this mark scheme

M1 - method mark. This mark is generally given for an appropriate method in the context of the question. This mark is given for showing your working and may be awarded even if working is incorrect.

P1 - process mark. This mark is generally given for setting up an appropriate process to find a solution in the context of the question.

A1 - accuracy mark. This mark is generally given for a correct answer following correct working.

B1 - working mark. This mark is usually given when working and the answer cannot easily be separated.

C1 - communication mark. This mark is given for explaining your answer or giving a conclusion in context supported by your working.

Some questions require all working to be shown; in such questions, no marks will be given for an answer with no working (even if it is a correct answer).

## Question 1 (Total 4 marks)

| Part | Working an or answer examiner might <br> expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| (a) | $2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 7$ | M1 | This mark is given for a 2,23 and 7 seen |
|  | A1 | This mark is given for the correct answer <br> only |  |
| (b) | $60,120,180,240,300,360,420 \ldots$ <br> $84,168,252,336,420 \ldots$ <br> or <br> $84=2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 7$ <br> $60=2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5$ <br> LCM $=2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5 \times 7$ | M1 | This mark is given for a method to find <br> the LCM |
|  | 420 | A1 | This mark is given for the correct answer <br> only |

## Question 2 (Total 5 marks)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (a) |  | M1 | This mark is given for 2 and 10 correctly placed in the intersection |
|  |  | M1 | This mark is given for 4,6 and 8 placed in $A$ only <br> or 1 and 5 placed in $B$ only or <br> 3, 7 and 9 placed in $(A \cup B)^{\prime}$ |
|  |  | C1 | This mark is given for all numbers correctly placed in the Venn diagram |
| (b) | $n(A \cap B)=2$ | M1 | This mark is given for a method to identify the number of elements in $A \cap B$ |
|  | $\frac{2}{10}$ | A1 | This mark is given for the correct answer only |

Question 3 (Total 5 marks)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $3000 \div 5=600$ | P1 | This mark is given for a start to the process to solve the problem |
|  | 1200: 1800 | P1 | This mark is given for a process to find the ratio of the number of tins in small boxes to the number of tins in large boxes |
|  | $\frac{1200}{6}: \frac{1800}{20}=200: 90$ | P1 | This mark is given for a process to find the ratio of the number of small boxes to the number of large boxes |
|  | $\frac{90}{290}=0.3103448 \ldots \approx 31 \%$ | P1 | This mark is given for a process to find to find the percentage of tins in large boxes |
|  | Carlo is not correct; $31 \%$ of the boxes filled with tins are large boxes | C1 | This mark is given for a valid conclusion supported by correct working |

Question 4 (Total 4 marks)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might expect to see |  |  |  |  |  |  | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (a) | $x$ | - | -2 13 | -1 6 | 0 | 1 | 2 ${ }^{-3}$ | B2 | These marks are given for all 4 points correct <br> (B1 is given for two or three points correct) |
| (b) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | B1 | This mark is given for five points plotted correctly |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | A1 | This mark is given for a fully correctly plotted graph |

Question 5 (Total 2 marks)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might <br> expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| $\sin 34^{\circ}=\frac{x}{178}$ <br> $x=178 \times \sin 34^{\circ}$ <br> $x=178 \times 0.559$ | M1 | This mark is given for a method to find <br> the value of $x$ |  |
|  | $x=99.5(\mathrm{~mm})$ | A1 | This mark is given for the correct answer <br> only (in the range 99.5 - 99.54) |

## Question 6 (Total 2 marks)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might <br> expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $2 \times\binom{ 3}{4}=\binom{6}{8}$ | M1 | This mark is given for a method to find <br> the vectors 2a and 3b |
| $3 \times\binom{ 5}{-2}=\binom{15}{-6}$ | A1 | This mark is given for the correct answer <br> only |  |
|  | $\binom{6}{8}-\binom{15}{-6}=\binom{-9}{14}$ |  |  |

## Question 7 (Total 4 marks)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $C B=\sqrt{ }\left(9^{2}-6^{2}\right)=\sqrt{ } 45$ | P1 | This mark is given for a process to find the length $C B$ |
|  | $=\sqrt{ } 45$ | P1 | This mark is given for correctly finding the length $C B$ (accept 6.7) |
|  | $\frac{1}{4} \times \pi \times(\sqrt{ } 45)^{2}=11.25 \pi$ | P1 | This mark is given for a process to find the area of the quarter circle |
|  | 35.3 (to 3 significant figures) | A1 | This mark is given for the correct answer only (in the range 35.2 to 35.3 ) |

## Question 8 (Total 5 marks)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might <br> expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| (a) | $\frac{551}{0.95}$ | M1 | This mark is given for a method to find <br> the normal price of the laptop |
|  | 580 | A1 | This mark is given for the correct answer <br> only |
| (b) | $6000 \times 1.024=6144$ | M1 | This mark is given for a method to find <br> the value of the investment after one year |
|  | $6144 \times(1.017)^{2}$ | M1 | This mark is given for a method to find <br> the value of the investment after three <br> years |
|  | 6354.67 | This mark is given for the correct answer <br> only |  |

## Question 9 (Total 2 marks)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might <br> expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | For example: <br> the median should be plotted at 162 rather <br> than 161 <br> the upper quartile should be plotted at 171 <br> rather than at 172 | C 2 | These marks are given for two correct <br> things Aisha should do stated |

## Question 10 (Total 4 marks)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might <br> expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| (a) | 1 | B1 | This mark is given for the correct answer <br> only |
| (b) | $\frac{8}{x-4}$ | B1 | This mark is given for the correct answer <br> only |
| (c) | $3^{3} \times n^{4 \times 3} \times w^{2 \times 3}$ <br> $=27 n^{12} w^{6}$ | B2 | These marks are given for a correct <br> answer only <br> (B1 is given for any two of $27, n^{12}$ or $w^{6}$ <br> seen) |

Question 11 (Total 2 marks)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might <br> expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | $5 \times 8 \times d=240$ <br> $d=\frac{240}{40}$ | P1 | This mark is given for a process to find <br> the number of combinations |
|  | Yes, Jack is correct - the number of <br> desserts is 6 | C1 | This mark is given for a correct <br> explanation which mentions 6 desserts |

## Question 12 (Total 3 marks)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might <br> expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| (a) | $\frac{27}{300}$ | M1 | This mark is given for a method to find <br> the gradient |
| $=-0.09$ | A1 | This mark is given for the correct answer <br> only |  |
| (b) | For example: <br> the volume of petrol used each km <br> litres $/ \mathrm{km}$ | This mark is given for a correct <br> interpretation of the gradient |  |

## Question 13 (Total 3 marks)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might <br> expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | $\frac{A B}{\sin 34^{\circ}}=\frac{23.8}{\sin 120^{\circ}}$ | M1 | This mark is given for a method to use <br> the sine rule to find the length $A B$ |
|  | $A B=\frac{23.8}{\sin 120^{\circ}} \times \sin 34^{\circ}$ | M1 | This mark is given for a method to <br> rearrange to find the length $A B$ |
|  | $A B=\frac{23.8}{0.866 \ldots} \times 0.559 \ldots$ | A1 | This mark is given for the correct answer <br> only |
|  | 15.4 (to 1 decimal place) |  |  |

## Question 14 (Total 4 marks)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $(x+4)^{2}-x^{2}=70$ | P1 | This mark is given for a process to set up an equation relating $\mathbf{A}$ and $\mathbf{B}$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 8 x+16=70 \\ & 8 x=54 \end{aligned}$ | P1 | This mark is given for a process to multiply out terms to produce a linear equation |
|  | $x=\frac{54}{8}=6.75$ | A1 | This mark is given for finding the length of the side of square $\mathbf{A}$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} \text { Area of } \mathbf{B} & =(6.75+4)^{2} \\ & =116 \text { (to } 3 \text { significant figures) } \end{aligned}$ | B1 | This mark is given for a correct answer only |

## Question 15 (Total 2 marks)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might <br> expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Enlargement, scale factor -1.5 | B1 | This mark is given for a correct <br> transformation and scale factor stated |
|  | Centre of enlargement $(1,1)$ | B1 | This mark is given for a correct centre of <br> enlargement stated |

## Question 16 (Total 3 marks)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\left.\begin{array}{\|ccccc} 10 & 21 & 38 & 61 & 90 \\ 11 & 17 & 23 & 29 \end{array}\right]$ | M1 | This mark is given for a method to use difference to find the coefficient of $n^{2}$ |
|  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{ccccc} 7 & 9 & 11 & 13 & 15 \\ 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 \end{array}\right.$ <br> Coefficient of $n=2$ | M1 | This mark is given for a method to use difference to find the coefficient of $n$ |
|  | $3 n^{2}+2 n+5$ | A1 | This mark is given for the correct answer only |

Question 17 (Total 1 mark)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might <br> expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | $-12,-7$ | B1 | This mark is given for the correct answer <br> only |

## Question 18 (Total 2 marks)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\pi \times 10 \times 25=250 \pi$ | P1 | This mark is given for a process to find the surface area of the whole cone |
|  | $\frac{15}{25} \times 10=6$ | P1 | This mark is given for a process to find the radius of the smaller cone |
|  | $\pi \times 6 \times 15=90 \pi$ | P1 | This mark is given for a process to find the surface area of the smaller cone |
|  | $250 \pi-90 \pi=160 \pi$ | A1 | This mark is given for the correct answer only |

## Question 19 (Total 4 marks)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might <br> expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| $h_{1}=K \times 1200+20=1040$ | P 1 | This mark is given for a process to find <br> an equation for $h_{1}$ |  |
|  | $K=\frac{1040-20}{1200}=0.85$ | P 1 | This mark is given for a process to find <br> the value of $K$ |
|  | At $0917, h_{2}=0.85 \times 1040+20=904$ | P 1 | This mark is given for a process to find <br> the value of $h_{2}$ at 0917 |
|  | At $0918, h_{3}=0.85 \times 904+20=788.4$ | A1 | This mark is given for a process to find <br> the value of $h_{3}$ at 0918 |

Question 20 (Total 8 marks)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (a) | If $\mathrm{P}($ red $)=\frac{7}{10}$ then $\frac{n}{n+8}=\frac{7}{10}$ | M1 | This mark is given for a method to set up an equation in terms of $n$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 10 n=7(n+8) \\ & 10 n=7 n+56 \\ & n=\frac{56}{3} \end{aligned}$ | M1 | This mark is given for a process to find a value for $n$ |
|  | $n$ is not a whole number, therefore P (red) cannot be $\frac{7}{10}$ | C1 | This mark is given for a valid conclusion supported by correct working |
| (b) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{P}(1 \text { st red sweet })=\frac{n}{n+8} \\ & \mathrm{P}(2 \text { nd red sweet })=\frac{n-1}{n+7} \end{aligned}$ | P1 | This mark is given for a process to work out the probabilities of the first sweet being red and the second sweet being red |
|  | $\frac{n}{n+8} \times \frac{n-1}{n+7}=\frac{3}{5}$ | P1 | This mark is given for a process to form an appropriate equation |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 5\left(n^{2}-n\right)=3\left(n^{2}+15 n+56\right) \\ & 2 n^{2}-50 n-168=0 \\ & n^{2}-25 n-84=0 \end{aligned}$ | P1 | This mark is given for a process to find a quadratic equation to be solved |
|  | $(n-28)(n+3)=0$ | P1 | This mark is given for factorising a quadratic equation (or quadratic formula may be used) |
|  | $n=28$ | A1 | This mark is given for the correct answer only |

## Question 21 (Total 4 marks)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might <br> expect to see | Mark | Notes |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (a) |  |  | C2 | These marks are given for a fully correct <br> graph (a curve reflected in the $y$-axis <br> passing through points $(0,0),(1,2),(2,1)$, <br> $(3,0)$ and $(4,2))$ <br> $(\mathrm{C} 1$ is given for a curve reflected in the <br> $y$-axis or a curve passing through four of <br> the five points) |  |
| (b) | $y=5+2(x-3)-(x-3)^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |

## Question 22 (Total 5 marks)

| Part | Working or answer an examiner might <br> expect to see | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $\frac{10-0}{0--20}=\frac{1}{2}$ | P1 | This mark is given for a process to find the <br> gradient of the tangent to $\mathbf{C}$ |
| gradient of normal to tangent $=2$ | P1 | This mark is given for a process to use <br> $-\frac{1}{m}$ to find the gradient of the normal to <br> the tangent to $\mathbf{C}$ |  |
|  | equation of tangent is $y=\frac{1}{2} x+10$ | P1 | This mark is given for a process to find <br> equations for the tangent to $\mathbf{C}$ and the <br> radius of $\mathbf{C}$ |
| equation of radius of $\mathbf{C}$ is $y=-2 x$ | P1 | This mark is given for a process to find the <br> $x$ and $y$-coordinates of the point where the <br> tangent meets $\mathbf{C}$ |  |
|  | When $\frac{1}{2} x+10=-2 x, x=-4$ and $y=8$ | A1 | This mark is given for a correct equation <br> of $\mathbf{C}$ only |
| $x^{2}+y^{2}=80$ |  |  |  |

